

CHINOOK ADVANCE

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Subscription: \$1.00 per year, in advance. Single Copy, 5 cents

Season's Biggest Holiday

CHINOOK
WEDNESDAY, JULY 23rd



SANGERS CIRCUS

KNOWN IN EVERY LAND AS THE BEST

R. B. TRAINS
3 RINGS—3
2 STAGES—2

KARO POSITIVELY
THE LARGEST
ELEPHANT ON EARTH



EDDIE LEWIS, CHAMPION WRESTLER OF ENGLAND, MEETS ALL COMERS TWICE DAILY

1 TICKET ADMITS TO ALL CHILDREN, 1/2 PRICE

PERFORMANCES:
2 and 8 P. M.
Doors Open 1 and 7 P. M.

See our display of
MEN'S FELT HATS
These are all best stock, ranging
from 1.50 to 7.00 each

We are clearing out our surplus stock of
Misses & Children's Shoes
Sizes 10, 10½, 11, 12, 13, at Bargain Prices

We wish to call your attention to our
stock of **Middy Waists**
these old stock and we are selling these at old prices

We are selling the remainder of our
Men's Straw Hats at a reduced price

H. C. Briginshaw

The Store with the Goods

Breezelets

Conscientious objectors are being released from imprisonment now that the war is over.

These "conscientious" objectors will be able to tell future generations how "they did it"—to save their necks, and how gloriously they fought—for their own liberty.

John Sherry, of New York, an alleged wire tapper is under arrest.

The name would suggest that of a booze bottle tapper as well.

A One Big Union advocate says that labor can do nothing without while in Canada until it controls the military and the courts.

But this O.B.U. man forgets that in Canada there is and always will be "One Bigger Union" who will fight against the control he advocates, and will crush his O.B.U. desire.

No fixed price for wheat after August 31st.

Bless your heart, to most farmers the price has been fixed for them some weeks ago—nil!

Reciprocity with U.S. is being talked up again by some politicians.

But what bothers most of the farmers just now is the wheat to "recipros" with.

Farm machinery prices are reduced. Implement men deny tariff has anything to do with the cut.

Of course not. Out of pure generosity of their heart towards the farmer, the implement manufacturers have reduced the price—nil!

A Texas scientist has estimated that there is more than 250,000 horse-power going to waste in the rivers of that state.

Who can estimate the power of the rotten dope now being served out under the name of whiskey. We had a sample of its awful power in the poor dope who was raving in Chinook streets this week, and who was making night hideous with his shrieks and foul language.

Eaworm De Valera, president of the "Irish Republic," is getting easy money these days.

He is "stumping" his Irish compatriots in the States for funds to "carry on." Foxy Valera!

The Polish diet votes to suppress titles.

The Poles have eliminated the titles dish from their menu.

A number of ships have been wrecked and sent to the bottom along the seacoast of Chile by a heavy snow and sleet storm.

And the sailors had a very Chile and dangerous time of it.

Work on the new bank building has started, and is to be finished by November 1.

The work on the enlarged Alberta Pacific elevator is now well under way, notwithstanding the present crop outlook.

MEMORIAL SERVICE

A memorial service was conducted by the Rev. J. H. Elliott at the Cereal Church, on Sunday evening last, for the late Mr. H. W. Sables, who resided near Cereal. The late Mr. Sables contracted the flu and scarlet fever while attending the recent Methodist conference at Calgary. Returning home, he was confined to his bed, but no thought of the malady terminating fatally was entertained by his family, and his death, two weeks later, came as a great shock to the family and his many friends.

The deceased, who was 54 years of age, was a very conscientious and kindly dispositioned man, and was highly respected by a wide circle of friends and his sudden death came as a shock to the whole community. The deceased will be greatly missed in the church at Cereal of which he was an honored member, and in which he took a very active part. His family have the sympathy of a wide circle of friends in their great bereavement in the loss of a kind and faithful husband and an indulgent father.

Settlers in South Country Will Not Make Application to Department

Voting in Territorial Unit No. 213 on Wednesday of last week as to whether application should be made to form the unit into a municipal district, resulted in a negative vote, the proposition being defeated by a poll of 76 votes to 44.

The organization of the unit as a municipal district was discussed in the winter of 1919 by Big Stone Local of the U.F.A., who at that time favored a meeting of the ratepayers in some centrally located place. A number of members of Big Stone local accepted an invitation of Langford Local to meet with them to further discuss this question.

As a result of these meetings a committee of six was elected to arrange for any carry out an election on July 8 at the Flaxland schoolhouse to decide whether or not a petition should be sent to the provincial government for the organization of the above-mentioned unit.

The size of the proposed municipal district would be all of township 25 in ranges 7, 8 and 9, and extending south to the Red Deer river, comprising approximately nine and one-half townships. The election having been carried out the committee deeply regrets to report that on such an important question only one hundred and twenty-one votes were cast, divided as follows:

Favoring organization 44
Against organization 76
Ballots spoiled 1

Vote by Townships as follows:

25-7, 26 votes; 24-7, 29 votes; 23-7, 1 vote. Total votes in range 7, 56.
25-8, 9 votes; 24-8, 25 votes; 23-8, 0 votes. Total votes cast in range 8, 34.

25-9, 11 votes; 24-9, 5 votes; 23-9, 19 votes; 22-9, 2 votes. Total votes cast in range 9, 37 votes.

WILL DISCUSS SITUATION OF ALBERTA FEED

Conference Will Be Held by Alberta, Manitoba and Dominion Governments at Winnipeg

WINNIPEG, July 15.—Representatives of the Alberta, Dominion and Manitoba governments and the railway will meet the latter part of this week in Winnipeg to discuss the hay and feed situation in Alberta.

The conference has been suggested by the railways as result of the request sent out by Hon. Duncan Marshall Minister of Agriculture, for the renewal of special transportation privileges.

ORANGEMEN GATHER IN STANMORE JULY 12

Festivities and Sports Mark Anniversary of Battle of the Boyne

The 229th anniversary of the Battle of the Boyne was celebrated at Stanmore on Saturday, July 12, by the Hand Hills County Loyal Orange Lodge.

A large parade of Orangemen started from the hall to the grounds at 1.30, the following lodges taking part: Hanna, Delia, Verdant Valley, Drumheller, Cereal and Stanmore, where speeches were delivered by Bro. I. W. McLeod, Calgary; Bro. Cottrell, Cereal; and the County Master, Dr. Graham, Drumheller. A short address was made by Mr. Harris, Oyen, in the interests of the U.F.A.

A large number of friends and visitors made the trip from surrounding towns and the countryside and witnessed the sports and celebration. After the speeches the following sports took place.

Baseball game between Hanna and Chinook. Chinook winning by a score of 15 to 3.

Horse races—Free for all—1st, J. Multhead; 2nd, G. McFarlane.

Boys' pony race—1st, J. Multhead's "Darkey"; 2nd, M. Colbert.

Ladies' pony race—1st, Dora Ellis;

2nd, Violet McIntosh.

Men's 100-yard dash—1st, Dan Cameron; 2nd, F. Torrance.

Ladies' 50-yard dash—1st, Mrs. W. C. Gordon; 2nd, Mrs. Fulton.

Men's High Jump—1st, Dan Cameron; 2nd, W. Bygrove.

Standing Broad Jump—Dan Cameron.

Boys' 75-yard dash (14 years and under)—1st, H. McIntosh; 2nd, W. St. Amour.

Boys' 50-yard dash (10 years and under)—1st, Geo. Garlock; 2nd, H. Hilderman.

Girls' 50-yard dash (16 and under)—1st, J. Garlock; 2nd, E. Peacock.

Girls' 60-yard dash (10 years and under)—1st, J. Garlock; 2nd, E. Garlock.

Ladies' nail driving contest (two teams)—Mrs. Farenstein won in the first team, and Mrs. Haak in the second.

In the evening a very enjoyable dance was held in the hall until midnight, when all departed for their homes well pleased with the day's enjoyment.

POLICE COURT

A. E. Fortney and Fred Belmont were apprehended by Cons. S. H. Bush and brought before Mr. J. Hewitt and J. W. Yake, Justices of the Peace, at Chinook Saturday on charges of assault, occasioning actual bodily harm to Hugh S. Peterson.

It appears that defendants had been running stock on complainant's land and breaking fences. Peterson went up to them and told them to keep off, whereupon it was alleged the pair set after him on horseback, and dismounting, severely beat him up. They also took away a revolver from him which was unloaded. Complainant states that he had the gun in his pocket, while defendants state he pointed it at them.

The cases were disposed of in a summary manner, Fortney being fined \$25 and costs, while Belmont was muled in the sum of \$15 and costs. The revolver was confiscated.

Mr. Fraser acting for W. M. Crockett, appeared for complainant; L. E. Ormond for defendants.

Andrew Zimmerman, a German, appeared before Justice of the Peace J. K. Cairns on Saturday on a charge of not having registered as an enemy alien. He was apprehended by Cons. G. C. Cruickshanks, of Hanna. Fined \$1.00 and \$3.50 costs.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE

Judgment has been pronounced in the case of Anthon C. Auerston vs. Olaf Hagen, for \$188.00.

BETTER TO BRING FEED TO CATTLE

Settlers in North Objected to Having Cattle Run at Large in Spring

Supplying feed for the stock in the southern and a portion of the central part of the province was considered at a meeting of the provincial cabinet held this week, and recommendations were made to the federal government at Ottawa that some similar arrangement to that in effect last fall should be made.

It is probable that this year there will not be any concessions towards granting free transportation to cattle to the north, such as was granted last year. While this was taken advantage of very generally by the southern stockmen, it did not prove at all popular in the northern farming districts, the small farmers in the north where there was feed did not object to feeding the cattle during winter months, but there was a very marked objection to the cattle being turned loose and eating up the grass in the spring and summer. This was one of the reasons why the time of the removal of the cattle to the south was shortened.

It has been suggested that the provincial, and Dominion governments, and the railways, should each bear a third of the cost of hauling hay to the points in the south where it is required. Also that free freight should be granted to the haying outfits which may be moved north.

In the long run, this might prove to be the most satisfactory plan. There will, of course, be a little feed in the south and with what the stock can pick up at home, and the hay which would be shipped down under free freight, it would probably be more advantageous to the stockman and farmer in the south who will require feed.

The question has also been taken up by the Canadian council of agriculturists at their meetings in Winnipeg this week, and with the force of recommendations from that body and the provincial cabinet, it is very reasonable to suppose that the federal authorities will be enabled to see the advisability of granting some measure of relief.

In the meantime, there are a great many cattle being rushed to the Calgary and Edmonton markets from the southern territory where feed is scarce. Prices are falling steadily and though there is nothing like a panic, some definite work regarding the conditions under which feed could be transported, would do a great deal to restore the confidence of the stockmen in parts of the province where feed is scarce. There have also been suggestions made that fixed prices be set on stocker and feeder cattle, but if there was some assurance that hay could be secured at a reasonable figure, this would probably not be necessary.

—Market Examiner.

175TH BATTALION TO HOLD RE-UNION

Men of Battalion to Gather in Medicine Hat in August

On August 6 and 7 a re-union of the 175th Battalion will be held at Medicine Hat. It is hoped that all men who lost the battalion, irrespective of what his service was, or how far he went with it, will attend the meeting. Several matters will come of for discussion, such as are neglected when a battalion is demobilized, for instance: the permanent resting place of the regimental colors, the disposal of any surplus fund on hand.

Included in the re-union will be four officers and 250 other ranks who joined the battalion immediately after its arrival in England. Reduced railway fares will be obtained.

Discuss Formation Of Farmers' Party

Winnipeg.—Future political action was discussed at a session of the Canadian Council of Agriculture. It was definitely decided that the question of making the political action that has been taken already in the various constituencies in Alberta, Saskatchewan and Ontario federal in scope be left to the provinces to decide when farmers' political conventions are held. Hitherto only district conventions have been held in the various constituencies. The United Farmers of Alberta have selected July 26 as the date for their provincial convention.

Co-operative action by the Dominion and provincial governments to meet the feed shortage in Alberta was suggested. In a message sent to Ottawa the council strongly urged the Dominion government to investigate the matter and take immediate action. Reports from the different provinces with regard to political action were received, and considerable time was devoted to discussion arising from them. No definite steps on the question of political action was taken at this session, however.

In his report, J. B. Musselman, secretary of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' association, suggested that the time was opportune for calling a convention in which the different provinces which have taken independent political action would be represented. He said that steps should be taken toward consolidating the movement, which heretofore has been confined to the provinces, into a federal one.

An invitation to attend the Liberal convention at Ottawa in August has been reached by the council and was given consideration. No decision was given as to whether or not the invitation would be accepted.

Labor Unrest in Italy

Repression of Disorders by Military Methods Resented by Labor Leaders

Rome.—The chamber of labor has proclaimed a general strike as from midnight Tuesday as a sign of protest against the police and military measures adopted by the government to prevent further disorders. The chamber of labor maintains that these measures were adopted to prevent the lowering of the price of necessities, as demanded by the people.

The strike was not quite general, because only the Popolo Romano published the decision of the chamber of labor to call a strike.

The food shops were crammed with people buying provisions in fear of being caught with scanty supplies.

Minimum Wage for Office Help

Winnipeg.—The work of the Manitoba minimum wage board is being brought to a close so far as the fixing of minimum wages is concerned, with the announcement of a proposed minimum wage of \$12.50 per week to women in offices, and \$12 to female help in theatres.

It has covered approximately 6,000 men in industry in Winnipeg, and has affected about forty industries. Dr. W. J. McMillan, chairman, sent in his resignation to the government, and it has been accepted.

Germans Ratify Treaty With Very Bad Grace

Weimar.—In the debate which preceded the vote of the national assembly ratifying the peace treaty, some strong sentiments against the terms were expressed, and 99 deputies abstained from voting on the resolution to ratify the treaty. Most of the ministers were present at the meeting of the assembly, and there was a full attendance of deputies. Dr. Hermann Mueller, the foreign minister, in introducing the government bills, explained that hastening of the ratification order would bring about the lifting of the blockade.

"We are about to enter upon a 40 years' march through dirt," he said. "I can find no other term for the path of suffering fulfillment of the treaty prescribed for us."

Dr. Peter Spahn, leader of the Catholic center party, said:

"We agree to the treaty under hard compulsion, to save ourselves from anarchy and to preserve the fatherland from internal ruin."

Herr Kreising, Socialist, Professor Scheubing, Dr. Traub, national party, and Herr Kahl, people's party, all spoke violently pro-

testing the injustice of the treaty, the impossibility of its fulfillment, and declaring that the day of Germany's liberation would come.

These speeches were greeted with such turbulent applause and hand-clapping that the president of the assembly, Herr Fehrenbach, called attention to the fact that hand-clapping was against the rules, with similar speeches by other members and similar applause.

The national party introduced an amendment in favor of ratifying the treaty with the reserve that the sanction of the international law experts of repute be first obtained concerning articles 227 to 230, and that a court be created to investigate the responsibility for the war.

In the course of the debate President Fehrenbach protested against Alsace-Lorraine being torn from Germany. He said that the treaty of 1871 simply made good what had been taken from Germany 150 years before. He hoped that the people of Alsace-Lorraine would preserve their German character, customs, etc.

Hidden Bravery To Be Rewarded

Recommendations for Awards Must Be Sent to Ottawa By End of August

Ottawa.—Officers and soldiers of the Canadian Expeditionary Force who displayed gallantry while escaping or attempting to escape from the enemy, or who rendered exceptional services whilst prisoners of war or interned, are eligible for a reward. An order of the Militia Department just issued states that recommendations for such reward may now be submitted. The facts supporting each recommendation must be substantiated by statements of evidence from at least two witnesses who have first-hand knowledge of the case, and should reach military headquarters before August 31. Officers and soldiers who are still serving should submit their claims through the usual official channels. The claims of those who have been demobilized should be presented through the officer commanding the military district in which they live.

Fall Harvesting Starts in Ontario

Crops on the Whole Are Very Poor This Year

Toronto.—Fall wheat harvesting has already commenced in a few counties, according to the Ontario crop report, issued by the department of agriculture.

Owing to the length of straw, some of the grain has been knocked down. In some sections, fears were that the grain was ripening too fast, but the yield will be higher.

Winter rice is ready for the binder. Crops on the whole are very poor. Some sections report practically a failure. The fields are uneven, and on account of the dry weather, grain is heading out at a foot and less in height.

Failed To Get Knighthood

Charles Hannan Asserts He Got No Reward for Devising the Smoke Box Screen Defence

London.—Charles Hannan, the author, has issued the text of curious correspondence between himself and the government regarding his claim to be an inventor of smoke boxes against submarine attack.

Mr. Hannan claims his invention was adopted, but his stipulation that the reward should be a "good old-fashioned knighthood and pension equivalent," was ignored.

In February he was informed "it was not found possible to include your name in the present honours list, but the next one is prepared, you shall again receive consideration."

However, no knighthood was forthcoming, and Mr. Hannan now presents the correspondence to the public.

Many Jews Killed

Ukrainian Anti-Bolsheviks Claimer Shows Cruelty

London.—Many Jews have lost their lives in the course of the operations between the Russian soviet forces and those of General Gregoroff, commander of the Ukrainian anti-Bolshevik army, which has been fighting its way northward from the Black Sea. Cecil Harcourt, under-secretary for foreign affairs, said in the house of commons in replying to a question, General Gregoroff, the under-secretary said, was stated to be strongly anti-Jewish in his sympathies.

\$35,000,000 for Six Airships

London.—Six rigid airships of an improved type, representing successive stages of development, are under construction for the British navy, it was disclosed in the House of Commons by Walter Hume Long, First Lord of the Admiralty. These airships, he stated, would cost £7,000,000.

Hun Mob Releases Prisoners

Berlin.—A mob attacked the castle and the detention prison at Hanover and released all the prisoners in the buildings. The guards, it is said, surrendered their arms without resistance. Some fighting occurred between the crowds and government soldiers.

Troops Overseas Now Total 32,000

London.—With the sailing of the Carmania July 5, with 2,954 troops, and the sailing of the Tunisian on the same day with 268 troops, 25,413 Canadians have been repatriated since the date of the armistice.

The number of Canadians overseas, both in the British Isles and France, is now approximately 32,000. This, of course, includes hospital staffs.

Britain Has Rivals Amongst Colonies

Preference Within the Empire Only Against Foreigners

London.—In the house of commons R. P. Houston, member for the West Tenth division of Liverpool, asked why the South African government had recently placed in the United States orders for 44,000 tons of rails, 1,000 cars and 250 trucks, and in the U.S. and Canada orders for 70 large locomotives instead of in Great Britain, in view of the necessity of employment of the people here and of maintaining Britain's export trade.

Ho. L. C. S. Amery, under-secretary for the colonies, said some of these orders had been placed before the armistice had been signed, when it was impossible for Great Britain to supply railway material. British offers respecting the price and date of delivery of the 70 locomotives had been so unfavorable that South Africa had been obliged to go further afield. He was glad to say 40 of them had been ordered in Canada.

Mr. Amery continued that in view of Mr. Houston's question, which seemed doubtful to him, he unintentionally implied that it was undesirable that the South African government should purchase material from Canada rather than Great Britain, he recalled that a policy on which the government of the empire were agreed was that of preference in contracts, for produce and manufactures of the empire, and not merely of the United Kingdom.

Great Britain could not expect preference from other empire governments, except as against foreign countries. Mr. Amery said he understood the South African government actually had done its very best to place orders in Great Britain and had negotiated at length with manufacturers.

Reds Prepare To Evacuate Petrograd

Allied Powers Will See Kolchak Movement Carried Through

Washington.—Definite information that the Bolshevik authorities are planning to evacuate Petrograd has been received in official circles here. Decision to quit the capital was said to have been violently opposed by some elements of the government.

Parties—Approval of a plan for a concerted attack upon Petrograd by Finnish forces and the troops of the Kolchak government at Omsk, was given by the council of five.

A joint note has been sent the military attaches of Great Britain, France, United States and Italy at Helsinki, Finland, instructing them to support the Finnish government, if it decided to accede to the request of Admiral Kolchak to assist him in the campaign.

There is no indication that the allied and associated powers propose to go further at the time in helping Kolchak's plan, but their action in supporting the Finns is regarded as acquiescence to assurances that they will see the Kolchak movement carried through.

Helsingfors.—It is reported that all foreign embassies, legations and consulates in Petrograd have been occupied by Bolshevik forces. The archives have been seized, it is said, and those in charge have been arrested and handed over to an extraordinary committee dealing with charges of espionage against the soviet government.

"Black Watch"—The Best Black Flag Chewing Tobacco on the Market

British Army Won The War

Emphatic Statement By Sir Douglas Haig on British Army Achievements

London.—Field Marshal Haig, reciving the freedom of Newcastle, deprecated the tendency to minimize the British army's achievements in the war.

"It is right to speak of our allies," he declared, "but it was the British army that won the war; it was Britain that bore the brunt of the fighting in the last two years. I hope everyone will realize the fact and stick by the fellows who fought and suffered and their dependents."

Has No Plans for His Future

Toronto.—Sir Thomas White, who is at his home in Toronto for a few days, stated that reports which have appeared and are appearing "in the press, to the effect that he had been offered and accepted an executive position with some railway corporation or bank, or life insurance company, were entirely without foundation and were unfair to the men occupying the positions which have been mentioned. The minister stated that he had made no financial plans whatever for the future.

W. N. U. 1272

Wilson Addresses The U. S. Senate

Dutch Resent Note

Paris.—The council of five received a reply from Holland in answer to the council's note regarding the reported escape from the Island of Weirengen of the former German crown prince. The Dutch note, in which was said to be rather curt terms, pointed out that the rumor of the escape was unfounded and expressed surprise at the warning given by the council.

The Dutch government, the reply added, is conscious of its international obligations and must be left to exercise its sovereignty as it sees fit.

Grampian Strikes Iceberg

Two of Crew Were Killed and Two Injured

St. John's, Nfld.—Two men were killed and two injured when the Allan liner Grampian, Montreal for Liverpool, collided with an iceberg off Cape Race Thursday night. The steamer, with 750 passengers and crew of 350, arrived here for repairs.

The killed and injured were members of the crew, who were asleep in the bow of the steamer when she struck. Virtually all the passengers were awake; but although there were more than 500 women and children aboard, there was little excitement and no panic.

That the Grampian did not suffer the fate of the Titanic, with considerable loss of life, is believed to have been due to the decision of the captain to strike the iceberg bow on instead of taking a glancing blow on the side. The berg, which was very large, was encountered 45 miles off Cape Race in the early evening.

When it was sighted through the fog it was too late to clear it, although the ship was proceeding slowly. The captain said he realized that a glancing blow, which would tear through the ship's side, would sink her. The course was changed and the Grampian struck the berg squarely, head on, and the entire fore part of the ship was smashed in above the water line, the stem being driven back nearly 40 feet. The vessel was undamaged below the water line, however, as the portion of the berg which she struck proved to be an overhanging shelf.

It was found that the liner was taking no water and she was headed here, steaming through the night against a heavy gale, which caused anxiety among those aboard. When the Grampian arrived, wariners said, she was the most "berg beaten" that had ever come to this port. Repairs will take several weeks, and it is expected that the passengers will be transhipped to another ship.

Raising the Giant Flagstaff

A Douglas flag furnished a giant flagstaff 215 feet high, weighing 18 tons, which was presented four years ago by the British Columbian government to George Gardens, near London. The mighty flagstaff is at last to be erected, by Canadian hands.

Facing Terrible Cost Through High Taxation

Berlin.—Germany is to quickly return to a peace time financial system, said Matthias Erberger, vice-chancellor and minister of finance, speaking at Weimar before the German national assembly. Among other things, the payment of grants to men who are unemployed will be reduced, it was indicated during his address.

"The empire's needs must be divided hereafter between home needs and indemnities," he said.

"The burdens of taxation will reach an absolutely terrible height. A floating debt of 72,000,000,000 marks is a constant danger, and the removal of this debt is one of our most urgent tasks. There are two ways in which to do it—either its conversion into a funded loan, or its extinction by big levies and a heavy property tax. I do not indulge the hope that these two ways will immediately yield the entire liquid amount of 72,000,000,000 marks. It is the duty of conquered people not only to bow to a state of compulsion, but to achieve an inward conviction as to the necessity of giving up all riches and all that is superfluous."

"Changes in the system of tax-

Washington.—The peace treaty with its League of Nations covenant, was laid before the senate by President Wilson in an address accounting to the country for his part in the negotiations at Versailles.

The league, declared the president, was born of the conviction of practical statesmen that an international concern had become a world necessity to end the old order and guarantee civilization. He asserted that in such a concern the world looked confidently to the United States for leadership, and added that while the treaty might not be exactly as the United States delegation would have written it, no vital principle had been sacrificed by the necessary compromises. The senate, already divided in a bitter fight over this league proposal, received the President with cheers and listened to his words in grave silence. When he had concluded there was another burst of cheered until he had passed out of the chamber and had gone to his capital office, where he talked for an hour with senators who wished to ask about specific features of the treaty or of the negotiations.

In these conferences the President discussed freely such subjects as the disposition of Shantung, the German indemnities and Irish freedom. In his address, however, there was no direct reference to many of the questions around which senate debate has centered, the President declaring he could not construe details of the treaty in a short address. He did not directly mention the Monroe doctrine, Shantung, or the obligations assumed under article 10 of the league covenant, nor did he allude to the proposal to write reservations into the ratification. He asserted also that he would have every opportunity to discuss details later, either with the whole senate or the foreign relations committee.

"My services and all the information I possess," said Mr. Wilson, "will be at your disposal and at the disposal of your committee on foreign relations at any time, either informally or in session, as you prefer, and I hope that you will not hesitate to make use of them."

United States isolation, the President asserted, was ended 20 years ago when the war with Spain put the nation in partial control of Cuba and the Philippines. But we have not exploited them, he continued; we have been their friends and have sought to serve them. There can be no question of teasing to be a world power. The only question is whether we shall accept or reject the confidence of the world. The stage is set, the destiny disclosed. It is come about by no plan of our conceiving, but by the hand of God, who has led us into this way. We cannot turn back. We can only go forward with lifted eyes and freshened spirit, to follow the vision.

Replace U.S. Troops in Siberia

San Francisco, Cal.—Replacements for American troops in Siberia will be rushed to Vladivostok on a special transport from here July 26, it was announced at headquarters of the western department of the army.

Besse & Huggins

The Implement Men

McCormick and Deering Harvesting Machines
Titan and Mogul Tractors
Oliver and Hamilton Plows

Chinook, Alta.

This is the season, they tell us, to swart the fly. You cannot swat the nose fly, but you can buy your horses Wire Nose Guards that will dull the beak of the wickedest fly in the country

We carry the best

Chinook Harness Shop

S. H. SMITH,

Proprietor,
Old Massey-Harris Building
Opposite the Hotel

Chinook

W. W. ISBISTER GENERAL BLACKSMITH

Coulters and Discs Sharpened.

Chinook, Alta.

Horse-shoeing and General Wood Work
Repairing.

Under New Management

Chinook Livery and Feed Barn

First-class Teams and Rigs.

The best of Hay ALWAYS

Draying in connection

Our Motto—"Service"
Give us a call

R. D. VANHOOK, Prop'r



J.M. DAVIS

PROVINCIAL AUCTIONEER

Is prepared to conduct all kinds of
auction Sales. Terms moderate

CHINOOK. Dates can be made at 11:00

MAH BROS.

Regular first-class meals, 40c
Board and Room by the week
very reasonable

Short Orders at all hours.
Confectionery, Cigars, Cigarettes
and Tobaccos

Ice Cream and Bread
Fruits in Season

UNION CAFE

Regular first class meals 40c
Board and Room by the week
very reasonable.

Short Order at all times
confectionery, Cigars, Cigarettes
and Tobaccos

Ice Cream and Soft Drinks

THE PROBLEM OF SOIL DRIFTING

Four Points Observed by As
Many Different Farmers
in Treating Land

(By R. E. Everest, Agricultural Re-
presentative of the Dominion Govern-
ment in Alberta.)

Drifting soil is a more or less com-
mon occurrence in our cultivated
areas. This condition it is well to
bear constantly in mind and order our
tillage operations and methods of
cropping in such a way that danger
from soil drift may be reduced as
far as it is possible to do.

Certain limited areas may not have
to face this problem, but in the gen-
eral it is present. New soil with nat-
ural fibre still retained may not blow,
but after a few years' cultivation, if
of a light nature this soil will become
so worked out that drift may occur.

We may question, is soil drift an
unavoidable evil? When in the same
locality we see a field hopelessly cut
and blasted by driving sand and an-
other green and vigorous in a quiet
soil, it is reasonable to say that the
danger can be averted to a consider-
able extent.

The field which is finely lumpy on
top will best hold a good state until
the growth of young crop secures the
surface soil. How to obtain this
coarsely granular condition of soil
has in the past doubtless been a given
a great deal of thought, and various
practices have been experimented with
and perhaps still this is one of the
most urgent problems confronting the

(Continued on last page)

After an absence of several
years due to the war, the small
boys and kiddies of Chinook are
at last to enjoy the visit of a big
tented aggregation. Sangers
Greater European Shows will
visit Chinook, Wednesday July
23rd. The town and surround-
ing country is heavily billed for
the appearance of the big show
and it is probable that one of
the largest crowds ever in
Chinook they will be here circus
day. Already some of the 'old-
er boys' are looking about for
their stray nephews and neices.
They are saying they will prob-
ably have to go and carry the
children to see the wild animals.
But deep down in their hearts
they know they would not miss
the big show if there was not a
small boy within a thousand
miles of Chinook

There will be performances at
2 and 8 p. m., the doors opening
an hour earlier to permit a con-
cert of popular and operatic
music by Prof. Carl Clair and
his military band. A series of
of free exhibitions will take
place on the circus grounds at
2 and 7 p. m.

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Wheat, No. 1	\$2 00
" No. 2	1 97
" No. 3	1 92
Oats, No. 2, Canada West	70
Oats, feed	67
Barley	1.60
Flax	-
Corn	-
Live Hogs (Calgary)	00 00
Eggs	30
Butter	35

\$10.00 Reward

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Notify BUTCHER,
Cereal, Alta.

\$10.00 REWARD

For information leading to the recovery of
Tall Bay Gelding, white face, white
foot, 11 years old
Tall Bay Gelding, two white hind
feet, star in forehead
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North of Scotland and other
Mortgage Companies
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loans in the West, the returns from
which they re-invest in the same way
They have lots of money now. Their
Inspector, Mr. Stickney, who was in
the district a few days ago, says
"They have barrels of money, and
that no good loan will be refused"
Let them regrow the loan you have
on your homestead, and give you
more on your pre-emption, give
you money to prove it up if you wish
Or let them give you a new loan, as
large, and probably larger, than you
can get elsewhere. The district needs
all the money we can get hold of in
this way. Pay up your indebtedness
to the bank, to the municipality, to
the school, and to others. We can
furnish the money. Loans for five
years, repayable in three years, with-
out extra charge. Interest at 8 per
cent., nothing but the interest to pay
each year.

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Notice later as to location of
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Chinook. Visiting members are cordi-
ally invited.

N. Kerry, N.G. F. Boyer, R.S.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS

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of every month in their Castle Hall,
Arm's Block, Chinook.
Visiting members are cordially in-
vited to attend.

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Turkish Empire Nearing Its End

Even Turks Know Break-up Is at Hand

London, England. — Everyone knows that the last bid of Mohammedanism is at hand. Mr. Winston Churchill recently summoned a conference of London journalists and reviewed the situation in very pessimistic terms, alluding especially to the Afghan invasion then known to the government, but not officially announced to the public, and asked them to observe the greatest discretion in dealing with it.

Why should there be a crisis? There is one because even the Turks know that the break-up of the Mohammedan empire is at hand. The European public is so bent on discussing its own immediate troubles that it has failed to appreciate the future settlement of Turkey, which must be at once taken in hand. The main lines of this are known: The internationalization of Constantinople; the formation of an Arab kingdom; spheres of influence in Asia Minor; the extension of the Egyptian borders; French protectorate in Syria; guaranteed state of Palestine; loss of all the Aegean Islands; elimination of Turkey in Europe; independent Armenia (or under a protectorate); loss of Mesopotamia; reduction of armaments; repatriation to the Armenians (probable); internationalization of the Dardanelles.

This, of course, does not leave much. Turkey has a certain number of friends, but none from conviction that she has any valid grounds for compassionate treatment. It was Sir Thomas (now Lord Sanderson) who used to say that you might search the history of Turkey ever since her entry into European politics in 1455, without finding one evidence of constructive statesmanship, and he added that you never would find one. It is therefore little use to trust to reform and reform, which is less likely now that the young Turks have attained power. Egypt has gone under a British protectorate; this one dream has faded, and though the future is expected, there will be another effort at a rising in the country. It is doomed, like the former, to sterility.

There will, in all probability, be two risings — apart from the Egyptian trouble, one which has already taken shape in India, where the Afghan invasion is unquestionably due to Mohammedan agitation, stimulated by a little by Brahmin sedition, and hardly at all by British machinations, since even the frontier tribes know the outcome of the great war. The army is at present, at all events, quite loyal, and this is the keynote to the situation, while the fact that the Afghans are attacking gives us a notable advantage, since the employment of modern methods of warfare, such as aeroplanes, will speedily make themselves felt. The Afghan rising will be a fiasco.

The other rising will be in Turkey itself. It is likely to be far more serious. We have 150,000 troops in or near by the country, and others are being sent out. In all the depots men are being examined to see if they are fit for foreign service. In addition there is relatively little demobilization from the armies far away, and the men are even volunteering to remain till they see what will happen. With the possibility of grave risk to isolated women and children, it is only natural that manhood asserts itself.

Will Turkey manage to persuade the Ulemas to proclaim a holy war? It is more than doubtful. The Ulemas are wise in their generation, more especially since the reputation of the British race for non-intervention in religious matters is still widely recognized. It will, though, be necessary to observe discretion in the choice of troops of other allied nations for Turkish soil.

In the meantime the vicerey has telegraphed to Mr. Montague, expressing the hope that the excesses of a few thousand men will not be visited on the hundreds of millions who have remained loyal, and that the cabinet will proceed with the reforms. It will do so, though there may be further modifications in the original draft scheme. No bill is likely before the end of June, by which time the India Office, which has been sitting since January on the future constitution of the India Office, will have reported — in the direction of sweeping change.

Peace-Table-Talk

"Will you have a little more turkey?" "Thank you, I would be glad to accept the responsibilities of a mandarin over one of the legs." — Vanity Fair.

Max Harden is honest enough to say that the German kick about the peace terms is a bit of a bluff. He has had with German bluff shows how easy it is to call it — Philadelphia Press.

Germans Control Trade In Venezuela

Were Able to Ship Quantities of Coffee During War

San Juan, Porto Rico. — Venezuela is the most completely Germanized country outside of Germany, according to a business man who has recently returned from there after spending several months in its chief cities.

"On Sunday night in Caracas I witnessed a company of the Venezuelan troops, forming a color guard, goose-step down the street and back again. They were German in their uniforms from spiked helmets to leather leggings.

"Most of the big business of the country is in the hands of German houses, who, despite the black list during the war, managed to continue business to a considerable degree," he said.

"By dubious ways these German houses were able to ship considerable quantities of coffee from Venezuela during the war, and a good deal of it went to France. Of course, neither the French nor the Allies knew of its German ownership.

"Although coffee could not be shipped freely during the war, nevertheless, German merchants were able to get control of practically all of the coffee produced in Venezuela during that time," said this man. "Most of these German merchants had loans throughout Venezuela, and they accepted coffee in many instances, and at a very much depreciated price in settlement for these loans. As a result, when the armistice was signed and the black list lifted their warehouses were filled with the product that had aged and matured, and had reached and quadrupled in value. They had simply made fortunes. The whole business of Venezuela is completely in the hands of Germans.

"Many business men throughout Venezuela that were compelled to discharge German employees during the war in order to be able to trade with the United States and the allies have employed their German representatives."

Condensing The Language

Abbreviated Forms of Newspaper Headlines Pass Into General Use

To what extent are newspaper headlines responsible for the deterioration of English? The necessity to compress the pitch of things into a few words leads to many strange corruptions. A word of any length necessarily suffers. An aeroplane becomes a "plane," a photograph a "photo," a telephone a "phone," and so on. "Big" is often used, because it is a little word, when it doesn't accurately convey the degree of size. Short, snappy words, in fact, are sprinkled all through the headlines of our papers, to the detriment of many words of dignity. These words have become so familiar to people's minds that they pass into speech and writing when even the sub-editor's excuse cannot be put forward, and the cinema threatens to make the evil more serious by adopting the same elliptic form for the catchwords that tell about the pictures — Manchester Guardian.

The Autograph Friend
General Smuts tells with gusto this story about himself:

"I was once at a social gathering with my distinguished friend and colleague, General Botha," he says, "when two pretty flappers of sixteen or so came up and asked me for my autograph."

"I haven't got a fountain pen," I said, much flattered. "Will pencil do?" "Yes," said the other flapper, and so I took out my pencil and signed my name in the daintily-bound little book that she had given me.

"The flapper studied the signature with a frown. Then she looked up and said:

"You're General Botha?" "No," I said. "You're General Smuts."

"The flapper turned to her friend with a shrug of disgust.

"Lend me your Indiarubber," May, she said."

Just Daddy

Lord Chelmsford, who, as vicerey, is having rather an anxious time on account of the Indian disturbances, is "one of the best." "The friend of all, and the enemy of none," was the verdict when he left New South Wales, where he had become the most popular of governors.

His lordship blushed, however, when, attended in a gorgeous uniform at the swearing-in ceremony at Government House, a shrill voice from the gallery cried, "Why, it's daddy."

It was one of the small Chelmsford girls, who until then had never seen her father in his state uniform.

"Silence gives consent," the young man remarked when he asked a deaf and dumb girl if he might kiss her.

If Germany Had Won The War

Would Have Demanded That Her Military Rule on Continent Be Established Permanently

London. — During the war the question was sometimes heard among the allies: What will Germany's terms be in case she wins the war? The question has been more or less answered by unofficial statements of prominent Germans themselves, and by their literature before and after hostilities, but, according to a writer in The Times, of London, it remained for Matthias Erzberger, Vice-President of Germany, to put them into concrete form. While the conditions which he formulated date back to the beginning of the war, they are none the less indicative of the German national ambitions in this important matter.

Says the writer in The Times:

"Mr. Ley, M.P., mentioned in the House of Commons the desirability to find out and publish what peace terms the Germans would have imposed had they won the war. Ample enough for that purpose are the numerous variations of what was demanded by various leading German spokesmen and newspapers, which the Swiss Socialist, S. Grunwald, collected in a large book, 'Das Annonciationsdeutschland.' But a still more useful document appears to have just come to light, namely, a memorandum which Herr Erzberger, the crafty German politician and ambitious member of the present Imperial German government, sent in September, 1914, to a number of German statesmen and military leaders for their approval. The memorandum was published in the Kreuz Zeitung of June 3 last, and extensively reproduced in the Amsterdam Telegraaf of June 6. I summarize from the latter the following:

"Herr Erzberger, assuming, of course, that Germany was bound to win the war, began by saying that it was their 'pressing duty to use the results of victory in such a manner that Germany's military rule on the continent was established for all times. Therefore her military authority had not only to be established over Belgium, but also over the whole of France, from the English Channel to the Pyrenees, and also 'necessary' for Germany to possess the British Channel Islands opposite Cherbourg. Erzberger called it 'the justified claim of German industry to obtain control over the whole mining area of French Lorraine.' He wanted annexation at the expense of Russia, which he would 'shoot off from the Baltic and the Black Sea.' The Russian Baltic provinces could 'partly be annexed to Prussia,' or become 'independent (sic) states under supreme military rule of Germany.' In Africa, Germany would establish a German Central Africa, for which she had to get Belgian and French Congo, British Nigeria, Dalmatian, and the French west coast of Africa. In this connection, Herr Erzberger made a remark that deserves particular attention in regard to the cry that Germany must have colonies as an outlet for her large population. 'We do not,' he wrote, 'require colonies for settlers, especially because after the war there will be less emigration than in the last years before the war, when more foreigners immigrated than Germans emigrated.'

"If the territorial claims made by Erzberger were greedily owned, what is to be said of the financial demands in his memorandum? He laid it down that the monetary bearing powers of the various allied countries 'could not be decisive for the largeness of the war indemnity' Germany should claim from them; apart from 'a large amount to be paid immediately, annual payments could be fixed.' And to determine the compensation of Germany's war cost, Herr Erzberger suggested that the following points should be taken into consideration:

"1. Complete restitution of Germany's direct war costs, for which he found 10,000,000,000 marks (nominally \$2,500,000,000) rather a too low than a too high estimate. 'This was written after the first month of the war, when Germany's war cost was not anything like that sum.'

"2. Complete compensation for war damages, as in East Prussia.

"3. Payment of Germany's Whole national debt, '80 per cent of which arose from expenses for her army, navy, and colonial expeditions.' 'In that way,' wrote this astounding German spokesman, '250,000,000 marks lent in Germany's annual budget for interest could be set free for making a reserve fund, so that for many years after the war no taxes needed to be raised in Germany.'

"4. The establishment of an imperial fund for invalids, for which Germany would demand from her enemies about 5,000,000,000 marks.

"5. The establishment of a fund for erecting German cable and wireless stations, besides a fund 'to be placed at the disposal of the Kaiser, out of

which he could give honorary grants to victorious army commanders and capable statesmen' (like Herr Erzberger himself).

"6. The establishment of funds for social purposes, as the improvement of workmen's dwellings, Imperial mortgage banks for the German middle and laboring classes, etc.

"In short, apart from placing the continent of Europe firmly under the German military heel, His Excellency Herr Erzberger would have annexed right and left and made the allied nations pay not only Germany's actual and entire war costs, but also her pre-war national debt, the maintenance of military and political leaders, and the costs of her social reforms. Compared with that all the peace terms of the allied and associated governments for Germany are a mere bagatelle."

King's Message To U.S.

Seal of Common Sacrifice Now Set Upon Anglo-American Fellowship

London. — King George has sent the following message to President Wilson:

"In this glorious hour, 'when the long struggle of nations for right, justice and freedom is at last crowned by a triumphant peace, I greet you, Mr. President, and the great American people, in the name of the British nation.

"At a time when fortune seemed to frown, and the issues of the war trembled in the balance, the American people stretched out the hand of fellowship to those who, on this side of the ocean, were battling for a righteous cause. Light and hope at once shone brighter in our hearts, and a new day dawned.

"Together we have fought to a happy end; together we lay down our arms in the consciousness of valiant deeds nobly done.

"Mr. President, it is on this day one of our happiest thoughts that the American and British people, brothers in arms, will continue for ever to be brothers in peace. United before by language, traditions, kinship and ideal, there has now been set upon our fellowship the sacred seal of common sacrifice."

The reply of President Wilson to the message of King George was as follows:

"It gives me deep pleasure to express to you my conviction of the truth of your generous message concerning the great deeds which have been attained by the present peace and the new ties which have been created between your own great people and ours. We are on the eve of realizing more than we could realize them at the time, the real objects of the great war.

"The free peoples of the world, united to defeat the enemies of liberty and justice, have through their representatives wrought out a plan by which they may remain united in a free partnership of intimate council to promote the cause of justice and of freedom through the beneficent processes of peace and the accords of a liberal policy. It is within the choice of thoughtful men of every nation to enrich the peace by their counsel. I am happy to echo your greetings at this momentous time of renewed vision and confident hope."

Farming A Skilled Trade

Stacking Wheat Is A High-Grade Performance

There is resentment in certain circles over the assumption, conveyed in the appeal of the 'merchants, clerks and professional men' of a town in Kansas to forego their usual vacations and devote the time so saved to work in the harvest fields, that the men need merely to lay down his pen and take up the pitchfork to become a skilled farmer. There is craft pride among the farmers of Kansas. They think their trade calls for as much special skill as some other trades that they might mention. A weekly published in Topeka says that 'a town man on the farm is merely in the way.'

Even the operation of stacking wheat, we are reminded, an operation that 'requires perhaps as little skill and knowledge as any farm operation,' calls for some experience. The sheaves must be shocked in such a way that the heads will be protected from the rain and the shocks themselves will offer a minimum resistance to the wind. Stacking wheat is a high-grade performance. Some of the tasks, such as pitching from the ground to the wagon, have been done away with out in the country where the 'combines' flourish, but it is still necessary on small farms. A man at least needs the knack of saving himself in the operation. And handling a binder or header not only involves ability to handle from three to six horses, but also requires considerable knowledge of machinery. The Oregonian.

Reclamation Of The Zuyder Zee

Fertile Lands Would Be Added To Territories Of Dutch

The Hague, Holland. — Now that the work of damming the Zuyder Zee has been commenced, it is well to recall the fact that several plans have been submitted to the Dutch government to reclaim this arm of the sea, or rather the former mainland which centuries ago was obliterated by the inundating ocean. They may be said to divide themselves into two schemes, one based upon a partial and the other upon an entire drainage of the Zuyder Zee.

According to the former plan, a dam would be thrown across the opening of the Zuyder Zee from Wieringen to Pissam, so as to drain four huge areas of peat lands, a view to their eventual cultivation and habitation. A large fresh-water lake would be levelled the embankment, to serve as storage waters for the abundant supplies poured into it by the Yssel and other rivers. Fertile lands would be added to the territories of the Dutch at roughly estimated cost of about 200,000,000 guilders. The work would take over 30 years to complete, but the first portion of the newly recovered land, it is estimated, would be ready for cultivation in 14 years. Among some of the changes wrought would be the disappearance of the famous tourist resort of Marken as an island. The sea dyke would be 25 miles across, probably consisting of a broad highway and a double-track railroad.

A Wonderful Woman

Spent Thirty-Five Years in Prisons or in Exile
Catherine Breshkovsky, who spoke in Toronto recently, is an amazing woman, or she would not be alive after the tortments she has endured since early womanhood, when she left home, wealth and kin at the behest of her overwhelming passion against the tyranny of the old regime. Disguised as a peasant, she roamed the vast and dreary steppes, sharing the hardships of the most down-trodden classes in Europe, trying to kindle in their hearts the first spark of freedom in her own. Hunted from village to village by the agents of the government, she was many times incarcerated, and at all spent 35 years — nearly half her life — in prisons or in exile among the Siberian snows. Her biography, written by a Russian friend, is a story that would be incredible if it had not happened to a Russian in Russia. The title of 'The Little Grandmother of the Revolution' is not empty one. No living soul was more active in sowing the seeds of revolt against the Romanoff despotism. When the dynasty was overthrown the thoughts of her countrymen instinctively turned to her. She was serving her second or third Siberian sentence at the moment. Her journey to Moscow and Petrograd was a triumphant procession. At Petrograd she was met and embraced by Kerensky, and the whole population turned out in her honor, strewing flowers on the streets through which she passed from the railway station to the palace, where she was lodged as the guest of the nation.

Madame Breshkovsky had served the cause of liberty too long to tolerate Bolshevism, which replaced one tyranny by another. She was driven or escaped from Soviet-ruled Russia, and is now living for the day, which she hopes will soon dawn, when Russia will throw off the new terror.

This wonderful woman is preparing for the regeneration of her country by enlisting the world's sympathy and support for the millions of destitute children and war orphans in Russia, a work to which she will devote the remainder of a life filled to overflowing with service for others. In the tender world which is being ushered in it is inconceivable that her career of adventure, suffering, exile and renunciation can ever again be duplicated. — Toronto Globe.

The Paths Ahead

One of the advantages — and there are many of the present world upheaval is the rush of new political and social ideas whose torrents almost obliterate all the landmarks of the age that closed with the outbreak of war. It will be years before the great masses of men finally get into step on the road along which civilization is going to press towards the goal of its desire. Today, if one may be permitted the simile, it is as though mankind has come at length to the farther side of some uncharted forest. The plains lie in full view, but a dozen radiating paths spell as many routes as possible errors, along which is man to march to reach the haven where he would be. — Natal Advertiser.

It's refreshing to see the old Tiger of France making scraps of paper of the German counter proposals. — Washington Post.

Drink And Degeneracy

Necessary to Educate the Public in Laws of Health

The boards of health of St. John, Halifax, Toronto and New York, and authorities from all over the world, agree that the drinking of parents causes mental and physical defects in children. This means an immense loss to the country. Dr. Sullivan, of Great Britain, reported in 1915 that an investigation of the children of 21 drinking mothers showed that 55 per cent died under two years of age, while of the children of 28 sober mothers only 23 per cent died under that age.

We establish boards of health to prevent disease; we compel vaccination to prevent smallpox; we have milk inspectors to secure pure milk; we establish sanitariums to treat tuberculosis. Should we allow the saloon to exist, which does a hundred times more harm than all these combined?

Our government quarantines our ports against cholera, yellow fever, smallpox; bulletins are published to teach the farmer about the care of his crops and fruits, and to acquaint him with the best grades of apples, potatoes, wheat, etc. If as much attention had been given to teaching the people the poisonous nature of alcohol we would not need prohibition laws. How many young men would drink Eggers if they really knew the facts of the case; or how many young girls would think of marrying a young man who uses intoxicating liquors?

A recent writer says truly: "If a good breed of stock means money in the pocket of the farmer, why should not the government find it as important to raise up a virile race of men and women who would add to our country's wealth?"

Every nation now realizes that alcohol is the most important factor in race degeneracy. The favorite drink in Bulgaria is buttermilk, and one person in every thousand lives to over a hundred years of age, while not a few live to one hundred and fifty years. The United States comes next with one centenarian to every 2,500; Spain one in every 4,400; France one in every 190,000; England one in every 200,000; and Germany one in every 700,000. It is not a mere accident that the nation which drinks the least alcohol, and whose favorite drink is buttermilk, has the greatest number of centenarians. The country that drinks eight times as much beer has the smallest number. It is not a mere coincidence that in both Canada and the United States the amount of crime and insanity is so closely proportioned to the amount of alcoholic liquors consumed. Finally, how is it that taxes are so much greater in wet towns than in dry?

Some Of His Own Medicine

Hindenburg Says He Is Quite Ready To Be Shot

Berlin. — Field Marshal Von Hindenburg, who resigned as chief of the general staff June 20, is reported to have told students from Goettingen, who called on him, that "if our foes want to stand an old man like me, who has but done his duty, up against a wall, they may have me. They would only load another disgrace upon themselves." This incident occurred at military headquarters at Kolberg, Pomerania.

General Von Seeckt, it is announced, has been appointed the new chief of the general staff. Major-General B. Von Winterfeldt, former military attaché at Paris and former member of the armistice commission, and Major-General von Wisberg, who represented the war ministry in the old reichstag, have resigned from the general staff.

Agricultural Courses in Saskatchewan
High Schools

A proposal of the department of education to make provision for a three-years' course in agriculture and home economics for high schools and colleges throughout Saskatchewan has been unanimously approved by the educational council of the province. The council also approved the extension in the commercial and manual training courses from two to three years upon which diplomas will be issued.

Hindenburg Responsible

London. — Field Marshal Von Hindenburg, former chief of the German staff, declares that he is responsible for acts of German main headquarters since August, 1916, and also the proclamations of former Emperor William concerning the waging of warfare. He asks President Ebert of Germany to inform the allies to this effect; according to a Copenhagen dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Co.

Proverbs are truisms on the half shell.



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Fight Pictures Unfit For Public

Columbus, O.—The Willard-Dempsey fight pictures may never be seen in public. In Ohio at least, they will not be placed on exhibition. The Ohio censor board officially rejected the pictures as being unfit to be exhibited in public. The probability of the pictures being shown in other states is believed to depend on what construction is to be placed upon the Redoubt Act, which prohibits prize fight pictures being handled in interstate commerce.

A Sure Corrective of Flatulency.—When the undigested food lies in the stomach it throws off gases, causing pains and oppression in the stomachic region. The belching or eructation of these gases is offensive, and the only way to prevent them is to restore the stomach to proper action. Parnee's Vegetable Pills will do this. Simple directions go with each packet, and a course of them taken systematically is certain to effect a cure.

Confectionery in Ancient Egypt. The invention of confectionery, an English writer guesses, is due to Noah, who "first hit on the idea of boiling down the starch of the wheat and the juice of the grape." The result was a paste, said to be the original of our present-day "Turkish delight." Among the ancient Egyptians whole fruits, particularly figs and dates, were used for flavoring purposes, the latter especially for preserves and cakes. In old tombs date sweetmeats have been found, also records of honey jellies. The making of confectionery, in fact, goes back 3,400 years, proof of which is to be found on the walls of Egyptian tombs.

A little widow with dimples is a dangerous thing.



CLARK'S CANADIAN BOILED DINNER

MEAT-VEGETABLES-COMPLEX WELL COOKED AND SEASONED

JUST HEAT AND EAT

W. CLARK CHINOOK, ALBERTA

French Favored Cause Of Jews

Asked That Conditions of Absolute Equality Be Granted Jews In New or Enlarged States

Paris.—M. Pichon, foreign minister, replying to a communication from members of the chamber of deputies asking information as to the attitude of France in the peace conference with regard to the Jews of Poland, Rumania and other countries, declares that, from the beginning of the conference, the French government endeavored to secure consideration of the Jewish question and had asked that conditions of absolute equality be granted Jews in new or enlarged states. These efforts, M. Pichon says, resulted in the treaty already signed by Poland guaranteeing complete liberty and equality to Jews in political and religious matters.

Deadlock at Kingston
Kingston, Ont.—Negotiations between the metal trades council, representing the Canadian Locomotive Co., have reached a deadlock, and the president has made a final offer of a 45-hour week, 54-hour pay, and the men have rejected the offer, insisting on a 44-hour week.

If you would criticize your boss, get fully a mile away from everybody, then whisper to yourself.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Now, How Did That Happen?
When Harry was out walking with his father they caught sight of a notice in a shop-window which displayed the words, "Lost, half Persian cat; finder rewarded!" Harry gazed at the notice with a puzzled expression for a few seconds, and then turned to his father and asked: "But, daddy, how on earth have they lost half of the cat?"

Probably no man ever wanted the earth more than the one who is making his first trip across the pond.

Thirteen may be an unlucky number, but one sewing machine and twelve phonographs will do the work of one woman.

GIRLS! LEMON JUICE IS A SKIN WHITENER

How to Make a Creamy Beauty Lotion for a Few Cents

The juice of two fresh lemons strained through a fine cloth makes a whole quart of white makes a whole quart pint of the most remarkable lemon skin beautifier at about the cost one must pay for a small jar of the ordinary cold creams. Care should be taken to strain the lemon juice through a fine cloth so no pulp gets in; then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is said to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan and is the ideal skin softener, whitener and beautifier.

Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any drug store and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quart of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands.

An Open Verdict

No Proof That Police Fired Fatal Shot in Winnipeg

Winnipeg.—That Mike Sokolowski came to his death during a riot on Saturday, June 21, as the result of receiving a bullet wound through the heart, fired by some person unknown, was the verdict of the coroner's jury sitting on the case. The verdict added that the evidence showed that a number of shots were fired by rioters and there was nothing to indicate that the shot which killed Sokolowski was fired by the police.

He Caught 'Em All Right
He had experienced bad luck fishing. On his way home he called at the fish store and said to the proprietor: "Just stand over there and throw me five of the biggest of those trout!" "Throw 'em? What for?" asked the man in amazement.

"So I can tell the family I caught 'em. I may be a poor fisherman, but I'm no liar."

The New Way
A little four-year-old of Plainfield, who is most emphatically opposed to having her face washed, said to her grandmother the other day: "I'm not going to wash my face any more."

When asked for an explanation, she said: "I've decided to have it dry cleaned."

King Ludwig of Bavaria, who complains that he has no place to lay his head, evidently hasn't thought of resting in the old Kaiser's bosom. —Detroit Journal.

Cut Down Butter Losses

As long as your butter is in your possession, you can control it to take and where it is shipped it is beyond your control. It may meet with all sorts of contamination on the road.

EDDY'S INSURATED FIBREWARE BUTTER TUBS
afford positive insurance for your butter while it is in transit. They are impervious to taste and odor. The hard baked, glazed surface is an effective protection. They are light and do not increase shipping charges, while they are so durable and they can be used over and over again.

An Eddy Tub will keep your butter out of bad company, and will save it cost many times over.

The E. B. EDDY CO. Limited HULL, CANADA
Also makers of the famous Eddy Starches

Germans Extend Franchise

Weimar.—The German national assembly is still debating the new constitution and has endorsed the article qualifying any male citizen, native or naturalized, who has reached the age of 35, for the office of president. The naturalization provision was included owing to the realignment of the German frontiers depriving many former German subjects of their nationality. The constitution provides that the president shall be chosen by popular vote.

RED HOT JULY DAYS HARD ON THE BABY

July—the month of oppressive heat; red hot days and sweltering nights, is extremely hard on little ones. Diarrhea, dysentery, colic and cholera infantum carry off thousands of precious little lives every summer. The mother must be constantly on her guard to prevent these troubles, or if they come on suddenly to fight them. No other medicine is of such aid to mothers during the hot summer as Baby's Own Tablets. They regulate the bowels and stomach, and an occasional dose given to the well child will prevent summer complaint, or if the trouble does come suddenly will banish it. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25c. a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Fires Caused By Lightning

Warning of Approaching Electric Storms By High Wires

How to prevent loss from forest fires started from lightning is the problem being worked out by the Forest Service of Oregon, U.S.A. In the last twelve years there has been a loss of \$5,000,000 in Oregon and Washington from forest fires, of which 45 per cent. were of lightning origin. Sixty per cent. of the loss was caused by lightning fires. In New Mexico 65 per cent. of the forest of lightning origin, while 35 per cent. of the trees are killed by direct hits before they reach maturity. One of the methods proposed is to secure warning of approaching electric storms by high wires and other apparatus. On the first warning, patrol men can be got ready to fight the expected fires.

Royal Message By Dirigible

First British Airship to Cross Atlantic Brought Greetings to Canada

Ottawa.—The first British airship to cross the Atlantic brought a message of good wishes from the King to the people of Canada. The message was addressed to His Excellency the Governor-General, and reads as follows: "Buckingham Palace, June 28th, 1919. To His Excellency, 'G.C.V.O., Governor-General and Commander-in-Chief of Canada. 'I take this opportunity of sending by the first British airship, R-34, to cross the Atlantic a message of good wishes to the people of Canada from the old country. (Signed) 'GEORGE, R.I.'"

Clogged Nostrils Open

Breathing Made Easy, Catarrh Cured!

New Method Very Successful

It is a new method of treatment, that of medicated air, and cannot fail to be successful. It goes wherever air can go, thus reaching all the affected parts. It purifies as by fire, simply burning up the bad germs.

Catarrhozone is a non-poisonous and healing agent; it therefore acts upon the mucous tissues of the throat, nasal passages, and bronchial tubes, destroying all microbe life, and at the same time heals up all the inflamed parts.

As a cure for Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, La Grippe; as a strengthener for the throat, Catarrhozone cannot be equalled. It is a guaranteed cure, and is highly endorsed by prominent physicians who use Catarrhozone in their practice.

Sufficient Catarrhozone for two months, at all dealers. 50c., at all dealers.

Anarchist Plot In Rome

Central Part of Ancient Capital Was to Be Attacked By Bombs

Rome.—An anarchist plot to attack the central part of Rome by means of hand grenades and other explosives has been exposed by the arrest of sixteen of the conspirators four hours before the time fixed for carrying out their plans.

About the same time thirty anarchists motored to Fort Portofino, four miles from Rome, and tried to induce the garrison to join in an attack in the Rome market place. The soldiers fired on the anarchists and seized several of them. The others fled. The city remains tranquil.

Wouldn't Stay Down

A British steamer, the Ravenscroft, arrived in Boston harbor with a record of having been torpedoed and sunk three times. She was attacked 28 times and sank three submarines. Taking the example set by this ship and applying the slogan of the Salvation Army, "A man may be down, but he's never out" one can form quite a decent model upon which to build his life.

It is usually safe to say that when a child is pale, sickly, peevish and restless, the cause is worms. These parasites range the stomach and intestines, causing serious disorders of the digestion, preventing the infant from deriving sustenance from food. Miller's Worm Powders, by destroying the worms, corrects these faults of the digestion and serves to restore the organs to healthy action.

Austria Stands Alone

Paris.—The Austrian government has given up, at least for the time being, the idea of a union with Germany. Dr. Otto Bauer, the secretary for foreign affairs, declared in a speech delivered last week at the congress held by the council of workers, according to the Vienna correspondent of the Temps.

"If you must kiss a baby," says a medical writer, "the back of the neck is the safest place." We always thought that was what you lifted them up by.—London Opinion.

A superstitious man is the one who imagines that others think as much of him as he does himself.

When you hear a glacial speak of a young man as a big fellow, you can draw your own conclusions.

A Ready Weapon Against Pain.—There is nothing equal to Dr. Thompson's Pain-Expeller when rubbed in. It penetrates the tissues and pain disappears before it. There is no special preparation that will reach the spot quicker than this magic Oil. In consequence it ranks first among liniments now offered to the public, and is accorded first place among all its competitors.

Hindy Mays Appeal

Copenhagen.—Field Marshal Von Hindenburg, former chief of the German staff, has written Marshal Foch appealing for his support of efforts to prevent the extradition of the former German emperor. Von Hindenburg offered also to place his person "fully and absolutely at the disposal of the allied powers."

Labor Will Try The Polls

Winnipeg.—Labor in the recent strike have not by any means given up the idea of aiming to secure the establishment of a six-hour day, according to J. L. McBride, business agent of the electricians' union and a member of the strike committee.

When asked how he would bring this about, he replied: "At the polls next November and in a constitutional way. When you start out to beat the law, you simply can't do it, and some of us always knew it."

Says a rural editor: "A smart man is never a success as a fisherman. We tried it ourselves."

Clogged Nostrils Open

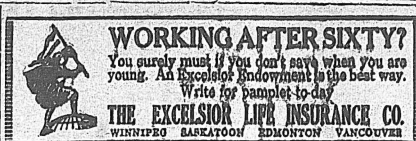
Breathing Made Easy, Catarrh Cured!

New Method Very Successful

It is a new method of treatment, that of medicated air, and cannot fail to be successful. It goes wherever air can go, thus reaching all the affected parts. It purifies as by fire, simply burning up the bad germs.

Catarrhozone is a non-poisonous and healing agent; it therefore acts upon the mucous tissues of the throat, nasal passages, and bronchial tubes, destroying all microbe life, and at the same time heals up all the inflamed parts.

As a cure for Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, La Grippe; as a strengthener for the throat, Catarrhozone cannot be equalled. It is a guaranteed cure, and is highly endorsed by prominent physicians who use Catarrhozone in their practice.



WORKING AFTER SIXTY?
You surely must if you don't save when you are young. An Excelsior Endowment is the best way. Write for pamphlet to day.

THE EXCELSIOR LIFE INSURANCE CO.
WINNIPEG BASKATON EDMONTON VANCOUVER



WAGSTAFFE'S
Real Seville
Orange Marmalade
All Orange and Sugar—No camouflagé.
Boiled with care in Silver Pans.
ARE YOUR GROCER FOR IT.

President Wilson

Favors Trial

Stated That He Agrees With Decision to Try Ex-Kaiser in London

Paris.—The question of the trial of former Emperor William was on the program for discussion by the Council of Three for several days while President Wilson was still in Paris. Reuter's Paris bureau declares, in an article regarding recent statements by the members of the United States peace mission that Premier Lloyd George's statement on the subject in the House of Commons had come as a surprise to them.

Reuter's, which says its information comes from authoritative conference sources, adds, however, that because of more urgent business coming up, the discussion of the question by the council was postponed. Nevertheless, the agency declares, it is known that President Wilson had expressed himself strongly as to the place for the holding of the trial, and it asserts that there is every reason to believe he was fully cognizant of the decisions to try the ex-emperor in London.

Consider Bulgar Peace

London.—General Creten, commander of the allied forces in Bulgaria, has informed the Bulgarian premier that peace delegates from that country would be called to Paris soon, and that the Bulgarian government is invited to nominate a delegation, according to a Sofia dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph.

"Black Watch"—The Best Black Plug Chewing Tobacco on the Market

The King And The Sailor

Jean Bart Was as Ready to Defy Etiquette as to Brave the Atlantic Gales

It was in the Palace of Versailles that Jean Bart, the noted privateer captain, was presented to the French King whom he had served so valiantly. He was the roughest of sea-dogs and as ready to defy etiquette as to brave the Atlantic gales. Jean got tired of waiting for the King, and, to the horror of the courtiers, pulled out his pipe and lighted up. Then the King came in, and not knowing what else to do, told the gallant skipper that he might go on smoking. Then: "Jean Bart," said His Majesty, "I have just promoted you to the rank of Commodore."

"Sir," replied Jean Bart, "you have done the proper thing."

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

Waited Forty-Nine Years

To Be Freed From Mailed List of Germans

Paris.—"We have waited 49 years for this moment," exclaimed Premier Clemenceau as he opened the fateful dispatch announcing that Germany would sign the treaty.

"For forty-nine years," he continued, "the mailed list of the Reire (German troops), who has governed Germany, has menaced the world. Whether the man's name was Bismarck or William II. it was still the same Reire of the middle ages, surrounded by soldiery and drunk with pride."

"Be careful; keep your powder dry. Be careful. Remind the world that it is living on a barrel of that powder."

"This Reire's dogma was that might is right, that a state's only obligation is its own interest, that treaties do not exist when they clash with the interest of a state, and get rich by any means. We know from witnesses who were at the side of William II. that when he learned of the Sarajevo tragedy he, who posed as a keeper of the peace, cried:

"The hour has struck. Now we shall see what an army is."

To Suppress Sinn Fein

All Sinn Fein Organizations Proclaimed at Dublin Castle as Unlawful

Dublin.—A proclamation has been issued from Dublin Castle declaring all Sinn Fein organizations and Irish volunteers in the county of Tipperary unlawful associations.

This announcement is made in a memorandum by the chief secretary for Ireland, enumerating a series of crimes and offences in the past year and stating that as the measures already taken have failed to check the Sinn Fein's criminal activities "the government is compelled to suppress the organizations."

Kloesman: Let me give you a piece of advice.

Knox: What's the matter with it?—Boston Transcript.



THINK A MINUTE

WHAT is your doctor's first question? Why does he suspect constipation?

Because 90% of his patients are suffering from ailments caused directly or indirectly by the action of poisons formed in a sluggish intestinal tract.

These body poisons are absorbed by the blood and carried all over the body until the weakest organ, unable to withstand the poisonous contact, becomes infected and refuses to act properly. Unfortunately it is usually not until then that the doctor is consulted and asked to treat the diseased organ.

The surest way of purifying the blood and preventing the formation of these destructive body poisons is to prevent stagnation of food waste in the intestinal tract—to prevent constipation.

Constipation is not a matter to be taken lightly or neglected. Nor is it either sufficient or safe to take castor oil, pills, salts, mineral waters, etc., in order to "force" bowel action. Such action does not cure constipation, it makes constipation a habit.

Nujol is entirely different from drugs as it does not force or irritate the bowels. Nujol presents stagnation by softening the food waste and encouraging the intestinal muscles to act naturally, thus removing the cause of constipation and self-poisoning. It is absolutely harmless and pleasant to take.

Nujol helps Nature establish easy, thorough bowel evacuation at regular intervals—the healthiest habit in the world. Get a bottle from your druggist today.

Warning. Nujol is sold in sealed Nujol Trade Mark bottles bearing the Nujol Trade Mark. All druggists insist on Nujol. You may suffer from substitutes.

Nujol
REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.
For Constipation

"Regular" Clickwork



The Government is Permitting Better Flour to be Made This Season

We have in Stock the New Grade

Robin Hood Flour

Which is guaranteed to give Absolute Satisfaction or your Money Refunded

See Chinook Fair Prize List for Special Prizes for Bread Baked from Robin Hood Flour

J. R. MILLER

WHEW! IT'S HOT!

Screen Doors, Screen Windows
Wire Cloth, Fly Swatters, Gasoline Stoves, Oil Stoves, and all Summer Goods

Come in and let us show you the Kero-Gas Coal Oil Burner. It fits any stove or range, Easy and safe to operate and does away with the heat of the range. How about that new Ford Car or Fordam Tractor which you promised yourself.

We are now the Ford Dealers in Chinook and are prepared to give you full information on Ford products at all times.

"Yours for Service and satisfaction"

We sell Newcastle Coal



Car 4-point Barbed Wire Car large-sized

WILLOW POSTS
and a car of
TAMARAC POSTS
just arrived

Call in and see what you need while they last

Imperial Lumber Yards, Ltd.

R. W. HAMON, manager
Chinook, Alberta

Have on hand
Feed Oats, Barley Chop and Oat Chop
Flour, and all kinds of cereals

The highest grade COAL

At the Western Canada Flour Mills Elevator

I. W. DEMAN, Manager

Under New Management

CHINOOK BILLIARD HALL

A full line of

Soft Drinks, Cigars, Tobaccos
and Pipes

Come and enjoy a few hours with us

W. L. CHAPMAN, Prop.

Chinook Breezes

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Miller are Saskatoon visitors over Sunday. Misses Florence and Ruth Rogers are attending the University Summer School at Edmonton.

The Chinook fair prize lists are now ready. Send to the secretary, Chinook, for a copy.

Notwithstanding the crop outlook, the Chinook fair promises to be the best yet.

Chinook ball team cleaned up everything in their line at Sbdalia sports day on Wednesday, Cereal being one of the victims—12 to 0.

Miss Jessie and Master Jim McQuall, of Calgary, are visiting their uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. A. Wilson.

The ice cream social, under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid, on Tuesday evening, netted the sum of over \$40.

Did you ever know such changeable weather as we have experienced during the present week? A difference of some 60 degrees in a few hours.

J. R. Clark, Jr., of the Union Bank, has successfully passed his examination on commercial and foreign exchange with Queen's University, Kingston, Ontario, the Bankers' Yearly Exams.

Rev. Wm. Irvine, of Calgary, was the principal speaker at the meeting of the U.F.A. on Tuesday evening last. A large number of farmers were present. We hope to get a report of this meeting next week.

On Tuesday evening, Chinook baseball team trimmed Oyen to the tune of 18 to 1. This brings Chinook near the top of the league. On the same evening Youngstown trimmed Cereal 17 to 1.

Quite a number from here went to Stanmore to celebrate the "glorious twelfth." Among the attractions provided was a baseball game between Chinook and Hanna teams. It was a very one-sided game, the score being 18 to 1 in favor of Chinook.

Saturday, July 19, has been officially declared a holiday to celebrate the signing of peace. This day is being universally adopted throughout the British Empire.

OYEN BEAT CHINOOK

On Friday evening last Chinook played at Oyen, losing to the latter by a score of 5-1. The Chinook team is also entering a protest on the ground that Oyen had an imported battery.

CHINOOK BEAT OYEN

On the same evening Oyen played at Chinook. The game resulted in a win for Chinook by the score of 17-2.

RETURN GAME WAS LANDSLIDE

Cereal Was Badly Defeated by Local Team on Tuesday

Cereal played their return game with Youngstown at the local grounds on Tuesday evening, the 15th. Cereal had an off night and didn't seem like the same team at all that had trimmed the locals only a few nights before. They had a bad balloon ascension in the second inning, and after Wenger's home run, the game lost interest. Martin was touched up for seven hits, but he had great support behind him. Youngstown made only one error, and that came with two down in the ninth and did not affect the result. A feature of the game was the numerous fine catches made by our outfielders. All of them had some nice put-outs. Dehbold's work in our very difficult left field was especially worthy of mention.

Score by Innings
Cereal 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1
Ytown 3 8 5 0 0 0 0 1 x-17

—Plainsdealer

STANDING OF LEAGUE

Without taking any account of protests entered, the league standing is now as follows:

	P	W	L	Pct
Youngstown	9	6	3	.687
Oyen	9	5	4	.556
Chinook	9	4	5	.444
Cereal	8	3	6	.333

STRAYED—A black filly, 3 years old, star on forehead, some white on feet, branded Y on left shoulder. \$5.00 reward for information leading to recovery.—Eben Roy, Youngstown. July 17-3p-1f

THE PROBLEM OF SOIL DRIFTING

(Continued from Page 1)
dry farmer for solution.

Successful dry-farming is dependent upon a system of tillage which includes summer-fallowing. The object of fallow land is to store up moisture for the growth of succeeding crops. A fallow after it is plowed is in best condition to receive and retain the rainfall. The larger proportion of our moisture comes in the months of May, June and July. It is therefore evident that early plowing of the summer-fallow is essential to obtain the desired end. Two other factors enter into the treatment of summer-fallow in a way which compels attention as well as the main object of water reserve, these two are eradication of weeds and soil drift.

In cultivation of the fallow each operation decided upon should have some definite object to accomplish and each operation in its performance should be thoroughly and uniformly completed. If plowing have a clean straight all cut completely turned over furrow to a desired depth. Four points observed by four different farmers for the object of preventing soil drift are as follows: In the first instance the operator decides to sacrifice a certain amount of soil moisture to overcome what he believes to be the greater evil, namely, soil drift. On fallow in month of August oats are sown, in the autumn and winter this compels the soil from blowing, affords a certain amount of pasture for stock and when cultivated in the following spring what remains of oat plants becomes incorporated in the seed bed, thus adding fibre and holding power to the land during this bare period of seed germination.

A point observed by a second operator is the conduct of tillage operations from north to south, thus having the prevailing winds across rather than up or down the seams. It will be observed in looking over a cultivated area that the comb of these seams caused by teeth, feet or furrow of implement used comprises the lumps and coarse particles of the soil while the fine soil or dust tends to run away to bottom of crease or mark made. Hence when the prevailing wind blows across the cultivator traces it comes in contact with the larger lumps and granules of soil comprising the crown of seam and is not able to lift and move the soil in form of drift as in the case when wind is up or down the marks of cultivation.

A third practice (strongly advocated by an operator) one object of which is to maintain a coarser condition of soil to obviate the trouble of drift is the use of a broad share cultivator to replace the somewhat too common use of the disc harrow. It is apparent that the disc is grinding and pulverizing in its action on the soil, while the cultivator has the desired loosening of soil and cutting of weed effect by moving beneath the surface without reducing the top soil to a dangerously powdery state.

A fourth consideration which from the result obtained is worthy of notice is the practice or non-practice of drag harrowing land when it is dry. By dry is meant that condition of soil, which if harrowed will break down into powder or dust. This farmer will not harrow a field unless there is sufficient moisture in the soil to hold a fairly lumpy condition when stroke with harrow is completed. Assuming that the summer-fallow in early June is now receiving a thorough plowing to a good depth it is timely to give considerable thought to the nature of the cultivation which is to follow that the crop of 1920 may have the best opportunity our experience and effort can obtain.—Reproduced from the Farm and Ranch Review.

STRAYED

In to my place, a red cow, with white strip on back.

A. SWITZER,
W 1/2 4-29-8. Chinook.

Pound Notice

Notice is hereby given under Sec. 210 of the Rural Municipality Act that

1 Bay Gelding, weight about 1100, one hind foot white, branded 9F on right hip,
was impounded in a pound kept by the undersigned, s.w 1/4 4-26-7 w 4
A. REARDON, Poundkeeper,
July 14, 1919. Kearville, Alta.

STRAYED

Onto my premises, a Black Gelding, star in forehead, lame in one foot, age about 7 years, weight about 1100
JAS. MONTGOMERY,
Chinook

FOR SALE

A Low Derrick Well Machine, in good running order. For particulars apply
T. G. WHITE
Sec 6-30-5 Cereal

Keep the Fly!

Where he belongs

Flies are now considered to be the greatest source of spreading disease known to-day. They seek their breeding places in the most filthy places and multiply by the millions, carrying their fifth and disease into your home and food. If you respect your health and home you will endeavor

to keep the Fly where he belongs on the outside. This is possible only by screening him

Screen Wire We have a full line of the best black wire cloth, in widths from 20 inch to 36 s, at reasonable prices

Screen Doors We can show you a nice line ranging from \$2.50 to \$4.75, of the best mortised and varnished Screen Doors

Swat the Fly Some flies are bound to get in. Get after them with the Swatter. See our line of swatters. All the kinds that's made

Tanglefoot 2 for 5c. Spring Hinges, Catches Latches, etc.

You Health Demands You Get the Fly!

R. S. Woodruff

Chinook Garage

I have on hand a complete stock of

Battery Parts

for all makes of Batteries. Have your Battery examined while not in use by the Battery Expert

Tires and Tubes only of the best make.

Oxy Acetylene Welding

Tractor and Car Repairing of all kinds

Genuine Ford Repairs

Agent for Gray-Dort Cars and Massey-Harris Machinery
C. R. BROWNELL, Prop

CHINOOK MEAT MARKET

Choice Cuts of Fresh Meats

Hams and Bacon. Cooked Hams and Tongues

Smoked and Fresh Fish

Sample our Fresh Pork Sausage—none better

See us before riling your Beef and Pork

We are Shipping every Wednesday

Highest Market Prices Paid

O. HINDS, Prop'r

ALBERTA
CO-OPERATIVE INVESTORS
CHINOOK, ALTA.

If you have Land to Sell for CASH
Let us have your listing

We are in touch with purchasers who are looking for close-in land, with stock and equipment

Consult our Mr. Pettigrew

AT THE ACADIA HOTEL